

07828

Project PL

Project note book issued  
12/12/42 to J. P. Eckert, Jr.

9513.1/12/42

not



# Standard Figuring Book

No. 1602½

	2 Columns to Right,	Units,	Single Page Form
3	"	"	"
4	"	"	"
5	"	"	"
6	"	"	"
7	"	Divided,	"
8	"	to Right,	"
10	"	"	Double Page Form
12	"	"	"
14	"	"	"
16	"	"	"
18	"	"	"
20	"	"	"

Unruled  
Quadrille  
Print

In 150 and 300 Pages

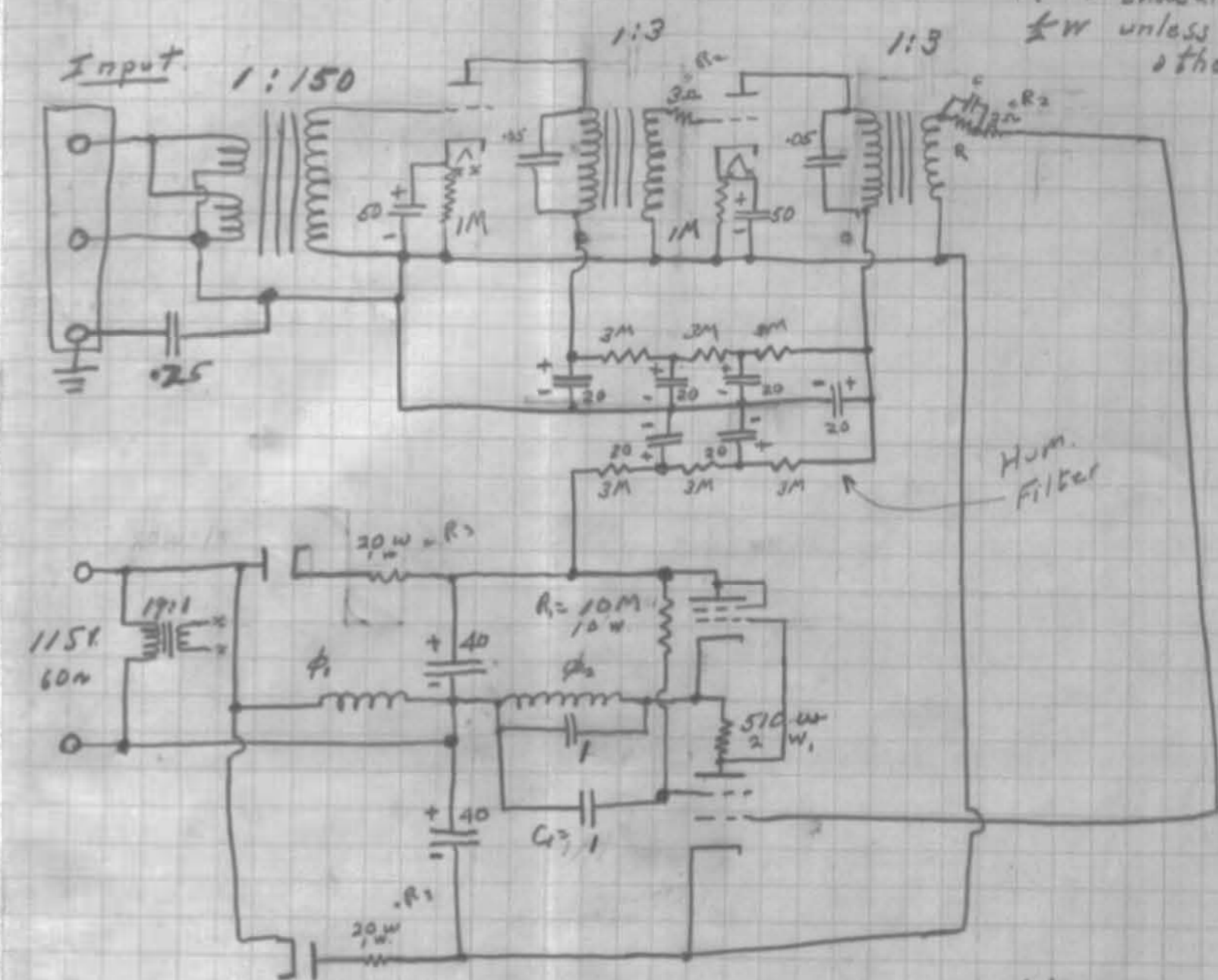
Made in U. S. A.

TO REORDER THIS BOOK, SPECIFY  
NUMBER, RULING AND THICKNESS  
AS INDICATED ON BACKBONE OF BOOK

A BOORUM & PEASE PRODUCT

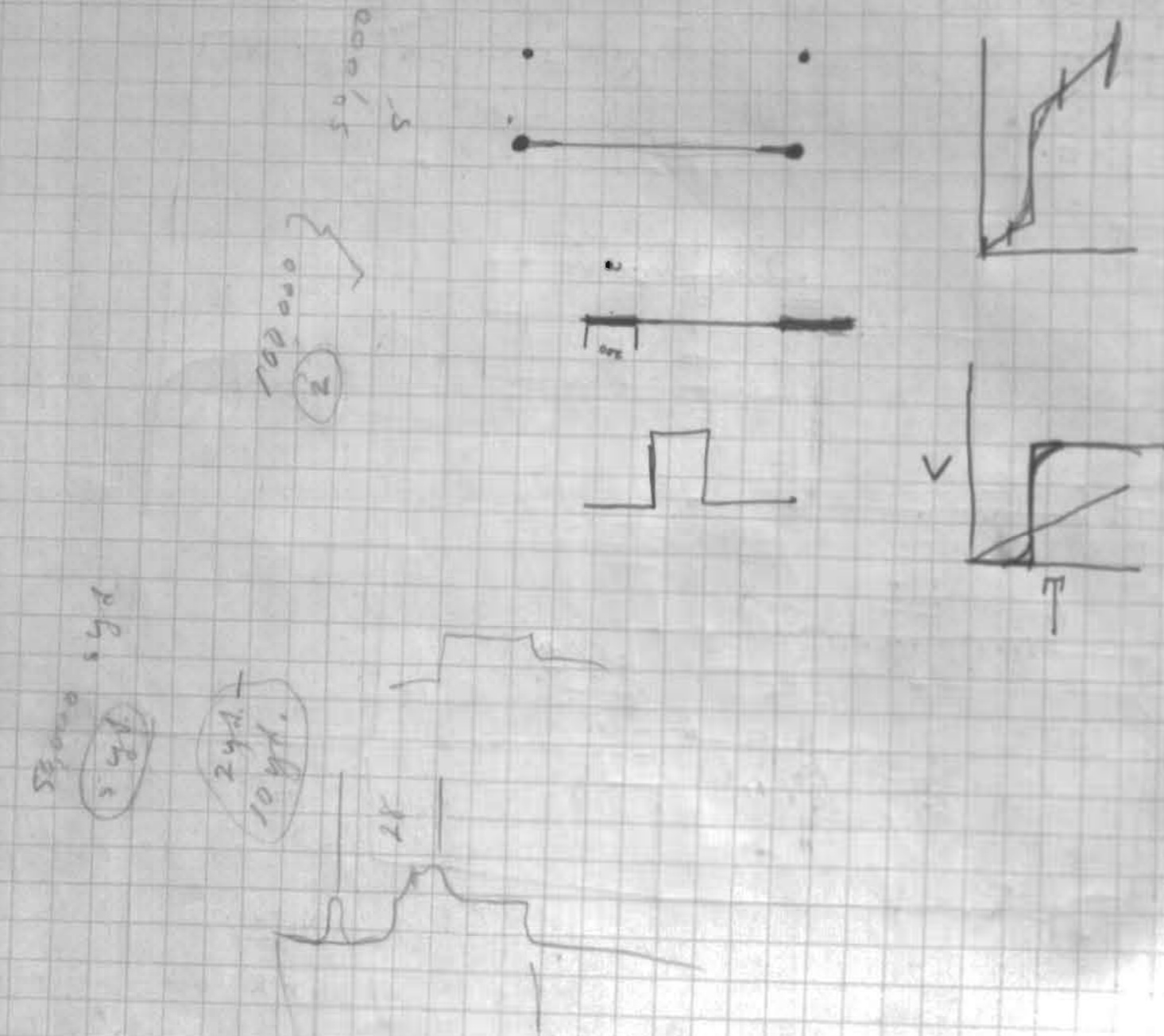
checked  
9/5/51

$\mu$  = meg ohm  
 $w$  = ohm  
 $M$  = thousand ohms.  
 $\frac{1}{2}w$  unless marked otherwise.

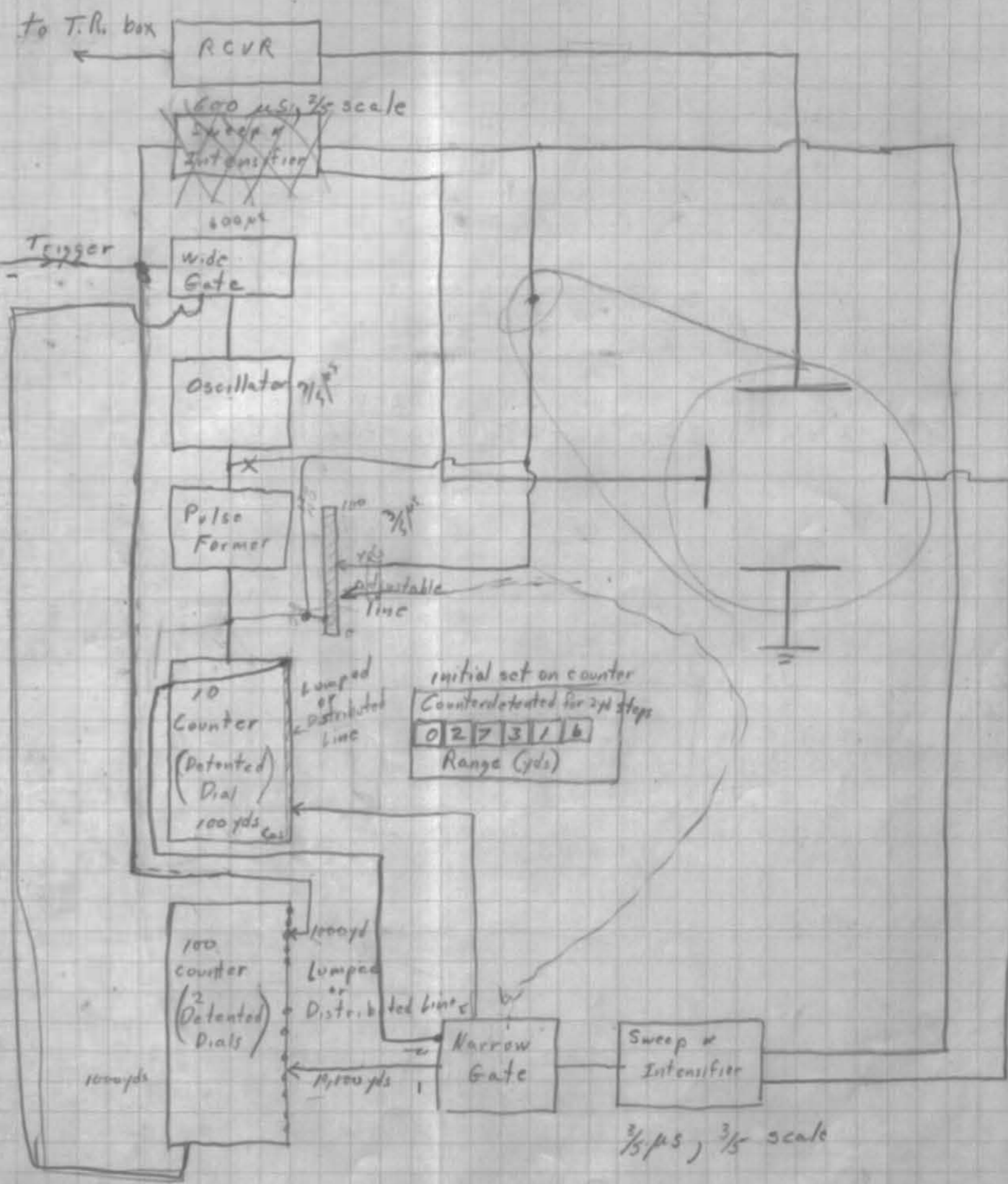


Notes:

- a) C + R are presently left out.
- b) R<sub>1</sub> + C<sub>1</sub> are probably useless.
- c) Perhaps R<sub>2</sub> + R<sub>3</sub> are also not needed.
- d) Perhaps the hum filter has too little or too many sections.



# Range System



$$\beta = \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \gamma^2 \\ 1 + \gamma^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ \gamma \end{bmatrix}$$

$\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{L_1 C_1}}$

$\alpha$	$\alpha^2$	$2 - \alpha^2$	$2\gamma\alpha^2$	$2 + 2\gamma\alpha^2$	$\left[ \frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2\gamma\alpha^2} \right]$	$\cos^{-1} [ \ ]$	$\frac{1}{\alpha} \cos [ \ ]$
0							
0.2							
0.4							
0.6							
0.8							
1.0							
1.2							
1.4							
1.6							
1.8							
2.0							
2.2							
2.4							
2.6							
2.8							
3.0							

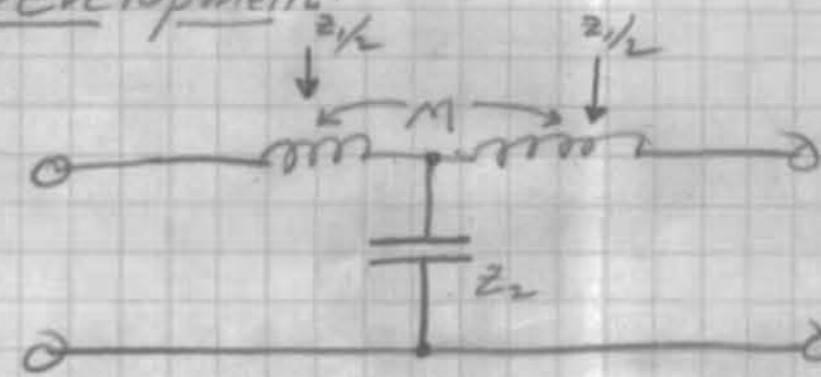
### Filter Design

$$P_0 = \frac{L_1 C_2 \omega^2 - 2}{-2(1 + M C_2 \omega^2)}$$

$$\phi = \cos^{-1} P_0$$

$$\pi = \frac{\phi}{\omega}$$

Development:



$$\text{Let } \gamma^2 = \frac{M^2}{L_1 L_2}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{M}{L_1} \leq \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P_0 = \frac{L_1 C_2 \omega^2 - 2}{-2(1 + \gamma L_1 C_2 \omega^2)}$$

$$\text{Let } \alpha = \omega \sqrt{L_1 C_2}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{L_1 C_2}} = \frac{1}{\alpha} \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2\gamma\alpha^2} \right]$$

For  $\alpha$  from 0 to 3 (in increments of 0.2)

For  $\gamma$  from 0 to 0.5 (in increments of 0.05)

$$-\frac{Z}{2b} = P_0$$

$$Z = Z_1 + 2Z_2$$

$$b = Mj\omega - Z_2$$

$$Z_1 = j\omega L_1$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{1}{j\omega C_2}$$

$$Z = j\omega L_1 + \frac{2}{j\omega C_2}$$

$$b = j\omega M - \frac{1}{j\omega C_2}$$

$$P_0 = - \frac{[j\omega L_1 + \frac{2}{j\omega C_2}]}{2 [j\omega M - \frac{1}{j\omega C_2}]}$$

$P_0 =$  (see above)

$$Z_2 = \sqrt{\frac{L_1 + 2M}{C_2} + \frac{(4M^2 - L_1^2) \omega^2}{4}}$$

Development

$$Z_2 = \sqrt{\frac{(z_1 + 2z_2)^2 - 4b^2}{4}}$$

$$z_1 = j\omega L_1$$

$$z_2 = \frac{1}{j\omega C_2}$$

$$Z_2 = \sqrt{\frac{(z)^2 - 4b^2}{4}}$$

$$z = z_1 + 2z_2$$

$$b = j\omega M - z_1$$

$$b = j\omega M - \frac{1}{j\omega C_2}$$

$$= \frac{z}{2} - b$$

~~$$Z_2 = j\omega L_1 + \frac{2M}{\omega}$$~~

$$Z_2 = \sqrt{\frac{L_1}{C_2} (1 + 2\gamma) + L_1^2 \frac{(\gamma^2 - 1) \omega^2}{4}}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{1}{C_2} \sqrt{L_1 C_2 (1 + 2\gamma) + L_1^2 \omega^2 \frac{4\gamma^2 - 1}{4}} \quad (1)$$

$$Z_i = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C_2}} \sqrt{1 - L C_2 \omega^2 \left( \frac{1-4\gamma}{4} \right)^9}$$

Upon Letting  $L = L_1 + 2M$

$$\therefore \frac{L}{L_1} = 1 + 2\gamma$$

$$\therefore Z_i = \sqrt{\frac{L_1}{C_2}} \sqrt{1+2\gamma} \sqrt{1 - L_1 C_2 \omega^2 \frac{(1-4\gamma)(1+2\gamma)}{4}}$$

or

From (1)

$$Z_i = \sqrt{\frac{L_1}{C_2}} \sqrt{(1+2\gamma) + L_1 C_2 \omega^2 \frac{(4\gamma^2 - 1)}{4}}$$

$$\frac{Z_i}{\sqrt{\frac{L_1}{C_2}}} = \sqrt{(1+2\gamma) + d^2 \frac{(4\gamma^2 - 1)}{4}}$$

for  $\gamma = 115$

$$= \sqrt{1+3 + d^2 \left( \frac{1 - \frac{10900}{4}}{4} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{1.3 - 2.275 d^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1.3 - 1.1 d^2} = \sqrt{2.0} = 1.45 \text{ of max. value}$$

for  $\gamma = 115$   
cut off at  $d = 2.12$



$Z = e^{-4K}$

Eff in  
1 sec. ind  
2

DC

Iron Core Material.

DC	No.	Req.
-M-		
3-4	111-11	100 meq.
6-8	123-15	50 meq.
16-20	123-13	15 meq.
60-80	123-11	1 meq.

RCA  
Material  
upper limit

quicker without studs -

Ordered - 1/2 lb - pulver - 111-11 }  
123-15 }  
123-13 }

ordered - 25' - .743" x 1" -  
111-11 }  
123-15 }

orderder 25' - 1.368" x 1" }  
with stud  
111-11 }  
123-15 }  
123-13 }

calc. for 0.18



PLEASE FILL OUT STARRED LINES ON TYPEWRITER

Shipment **N9** 7313

**SHIPPING ORDER**  
Radiation Laboratory

\*Date 12/17/42

TO PURCHASING AGENT:

Recorded by .....

Please ship the equipment described below to:

\*Individual Mr. J. Brainerd

\*Organization Moore School of Electrical Engineering - University of Pa. 200 S. 33rd. St.

\*Address Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

How shipped ..... Insured for \$ ..... Date shipped .....

No. and Kind of Packages	DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS			Shipping Weight	Value
	Our Ser. Number	Manufacturers Numbers	Model and Kind of Equipment		
			4 DuMont 2511 A5 CR Tubes		
		(10) -	2 Shields for above		
			28 .005 ufd mica condensers		
			6 954 tubes		
			6 807 tubes		
			6 6A07 tubes		
		(6) -	12 6A07 tubes		
		(4) -	4 National IMA acorn tube sockets (1 back ordered)		
			4 Freed 11011 transformers		\$150.00
			1 Input socket assembly with cable connector On loan to be returned in equipment that is being made under another NERC contract at University of Pennsylvania.		

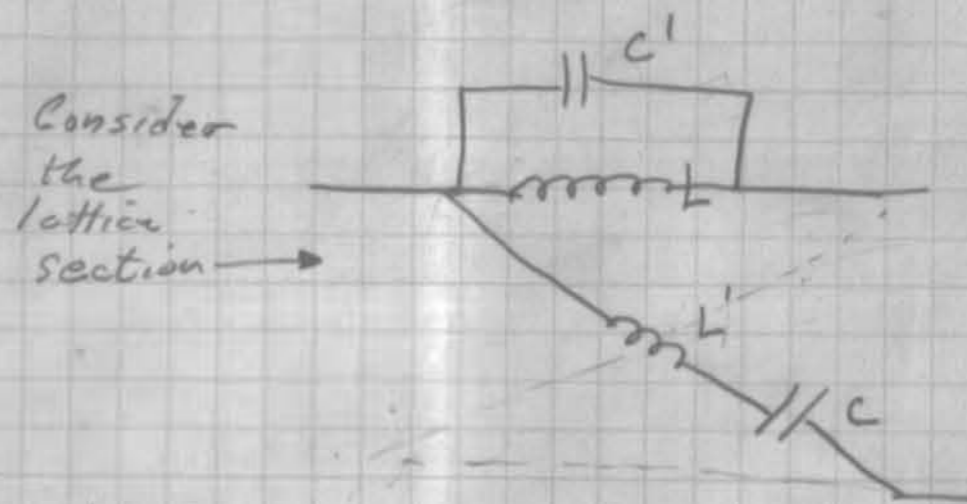
Packing Slip: Gratis....., Loan....., Credit....., Exchange....., Repair.....  
See above

1100 1-11





# Delay Filter based on Min. Phase Shift Theory



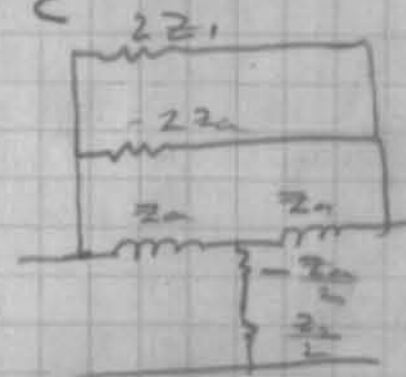
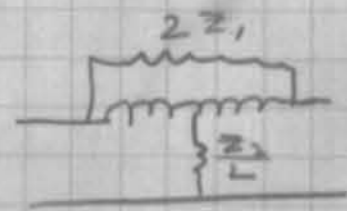
$$LC' = L'C = K$$

$$\frac{L}{L'} = \frac{C}{C'} = V$$

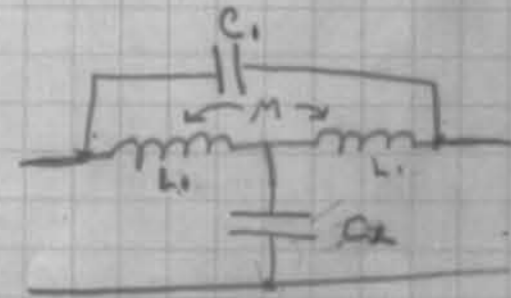
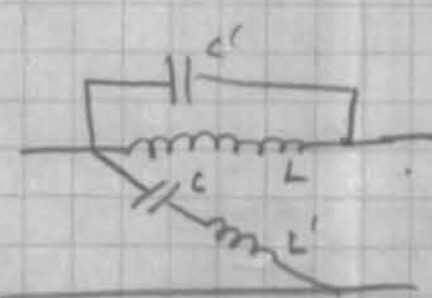
$$Z = \sqrt{Z_1 Z_2} = \frac{\left(\frac{-j}{\omega C'}\right)(\omega L) \left(j\omega L' - \frac{j}{\omega C}\right)}{\left(j\omega L - \frac{j}{\omega C'}\right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2}{V} \frac{L}{C'}} = \sqrt{\frac{2L}{C}}$$

Since



Then



Let  $\frac{M}{L_1} = R$

where  $C = \frac{C_2}{2}$   
 $L = 2L_1(1+R)$   
 $L' = 2L_1R$   
 $C' = 2C$

where  $C_2 = 2C$   
 $L_1 = \frac{L}{2+2R}$   
 $C_1 = \frac{C'}{2}$

For our Filter

$$C_2 = 200 \mu\text{mf}$$

$$L_1 = 5 \text{ mh.}$$

$$R = .27$$

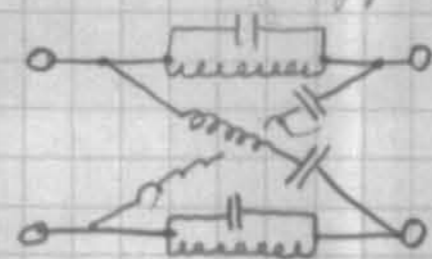
$$V = \frac{L}{L'} = \frac{2L_1}{2L_1} \frac{(1+R)}{R} = \frac{1.27}{.27} = \frac{C}{C'} = 4.7$$

Now,  $C = 100 \mu\text{mf}$

$$C' = \frac{.27}{1.27} (100)$$

$$C_1 = \frac{C'}{2} = \frac{(.27)(100)}{(1.27)2} = \frac{(.27)(50)}{(1.27)} = 10.6 \mu\text{mf}$$

$Z_k \approx \text{approx. } 7000 \Omega$



$$R'' = \frac{2.11}{2} = 1.06 \text{ megs.}$$

$$L = 2L_1(1+R)$$

$$C = \frac{C_2}{2} = 100 \mu\text{mf}$$

$$\frac{L}{R} = CR'$$

$$R' = \frac{L}{CR} = \frac{(2)(5)(1+R)(10^3)}{(100)(10^{-6})(60)}$$

$$= \frac{12.7 \times 10^7}{60}$$

$$= \frac{127}{60} \times 10^6$$

$$= 2.11 \text{ megs.}$$

1.8 henries - coils bucking

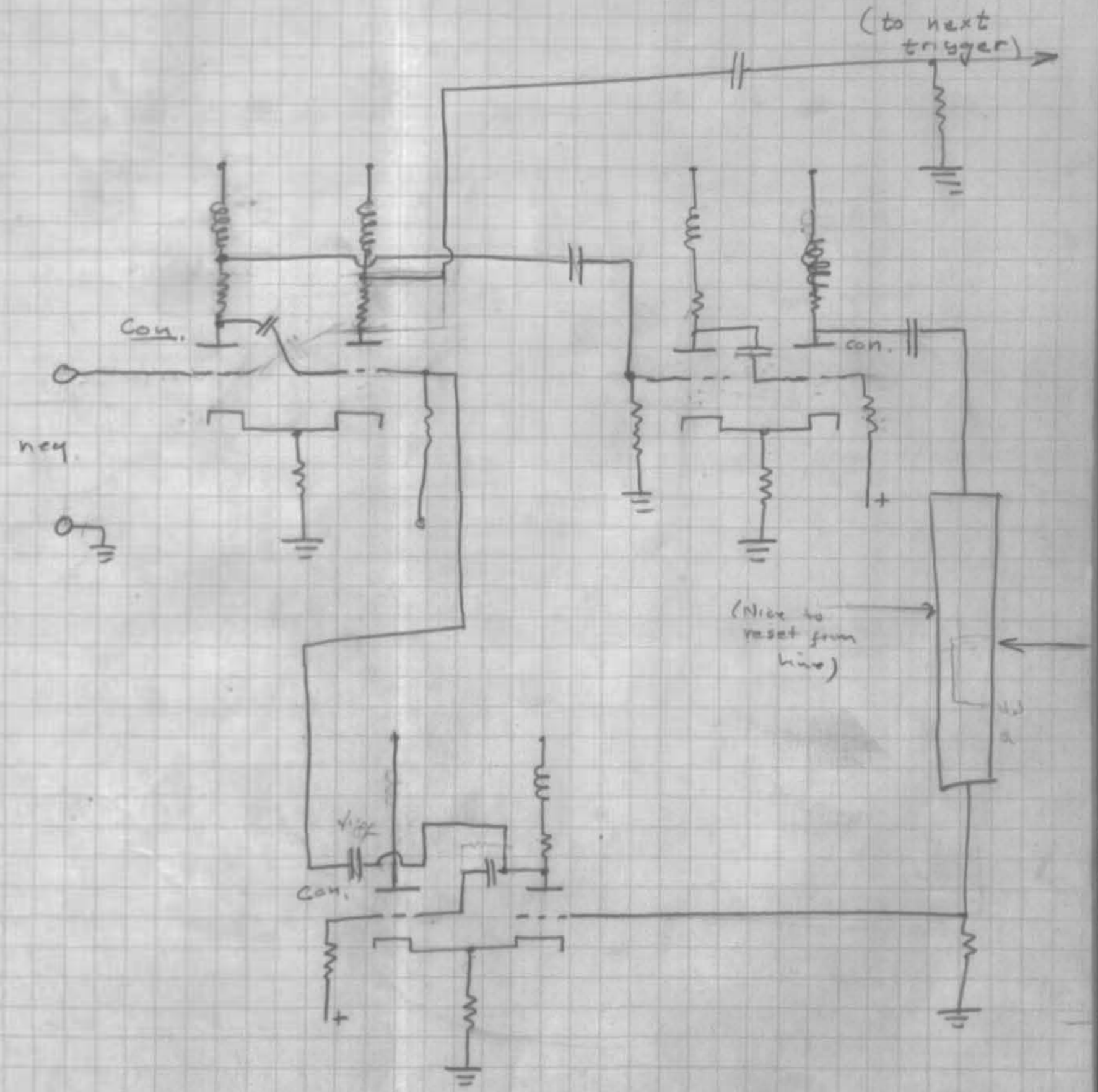
$$L_1 + L_2 - 2M = 1.8$$

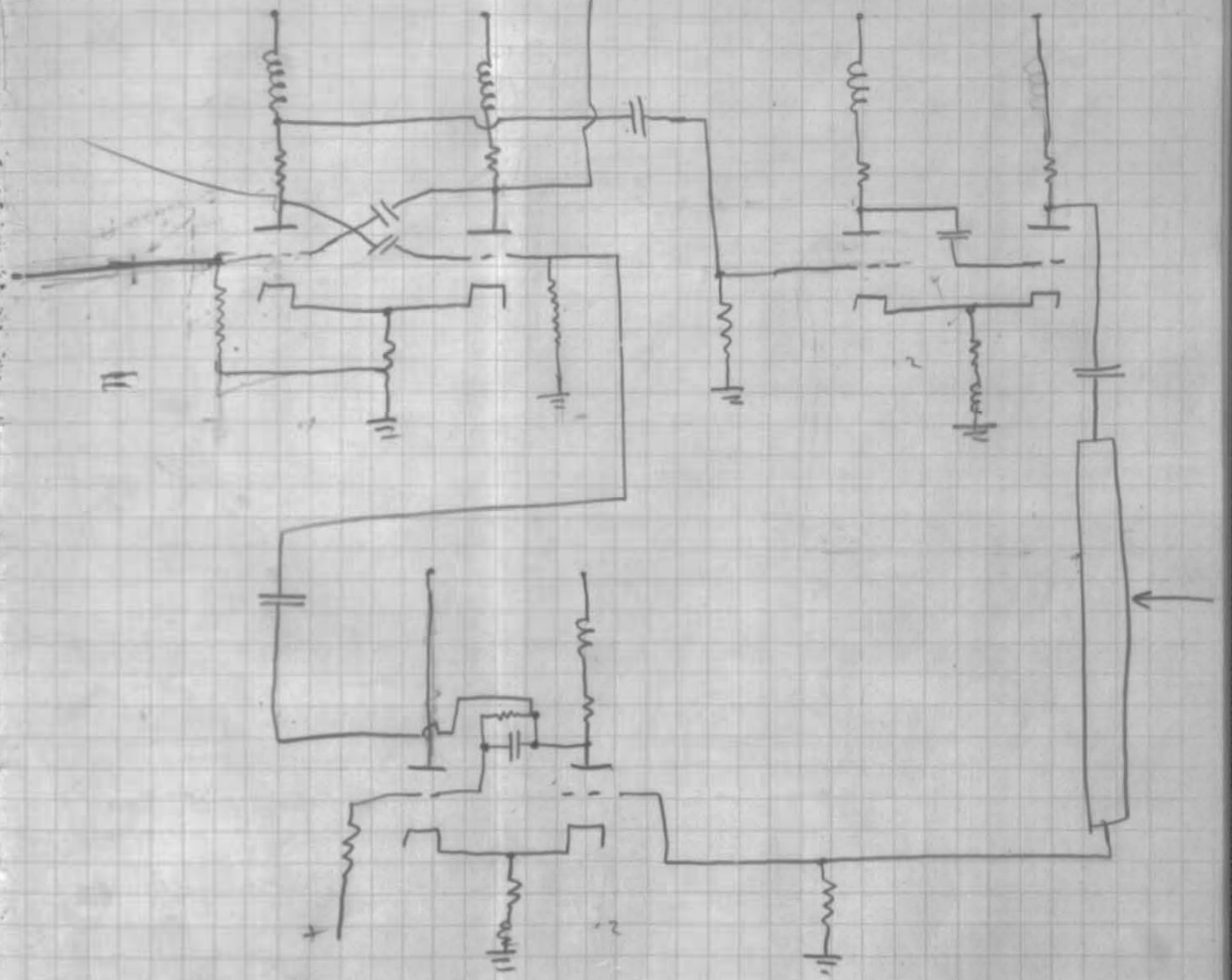
$$L_1 + L_2 + 2M = 108$$

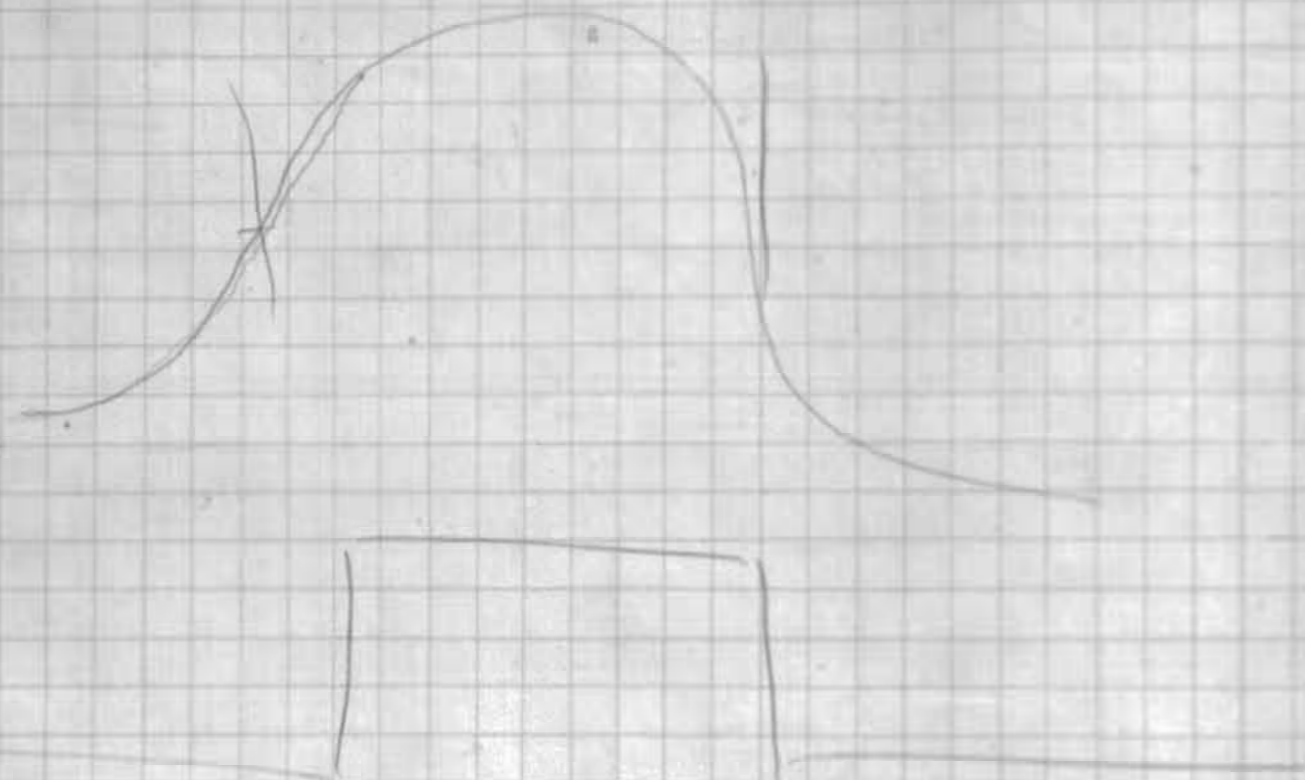
$$4M = 108 - 1.8 = 106.2$$

$$K = \text{approx. } \frac{106.2}{108} = 98.5\%$$

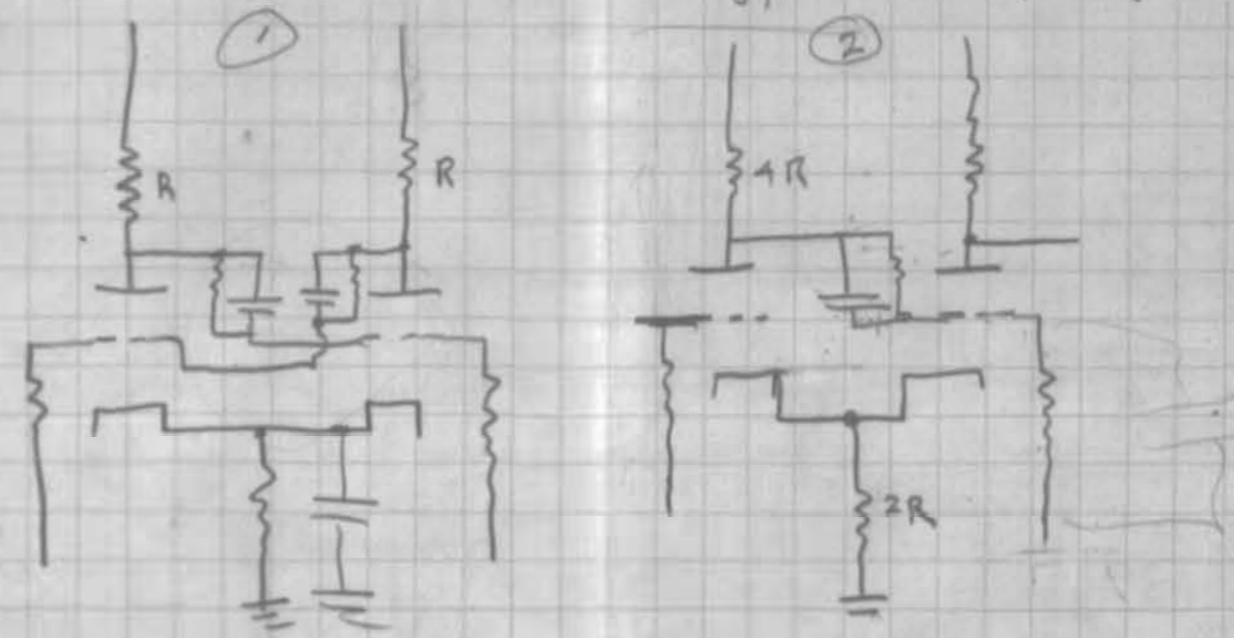
Trigger Circuit -



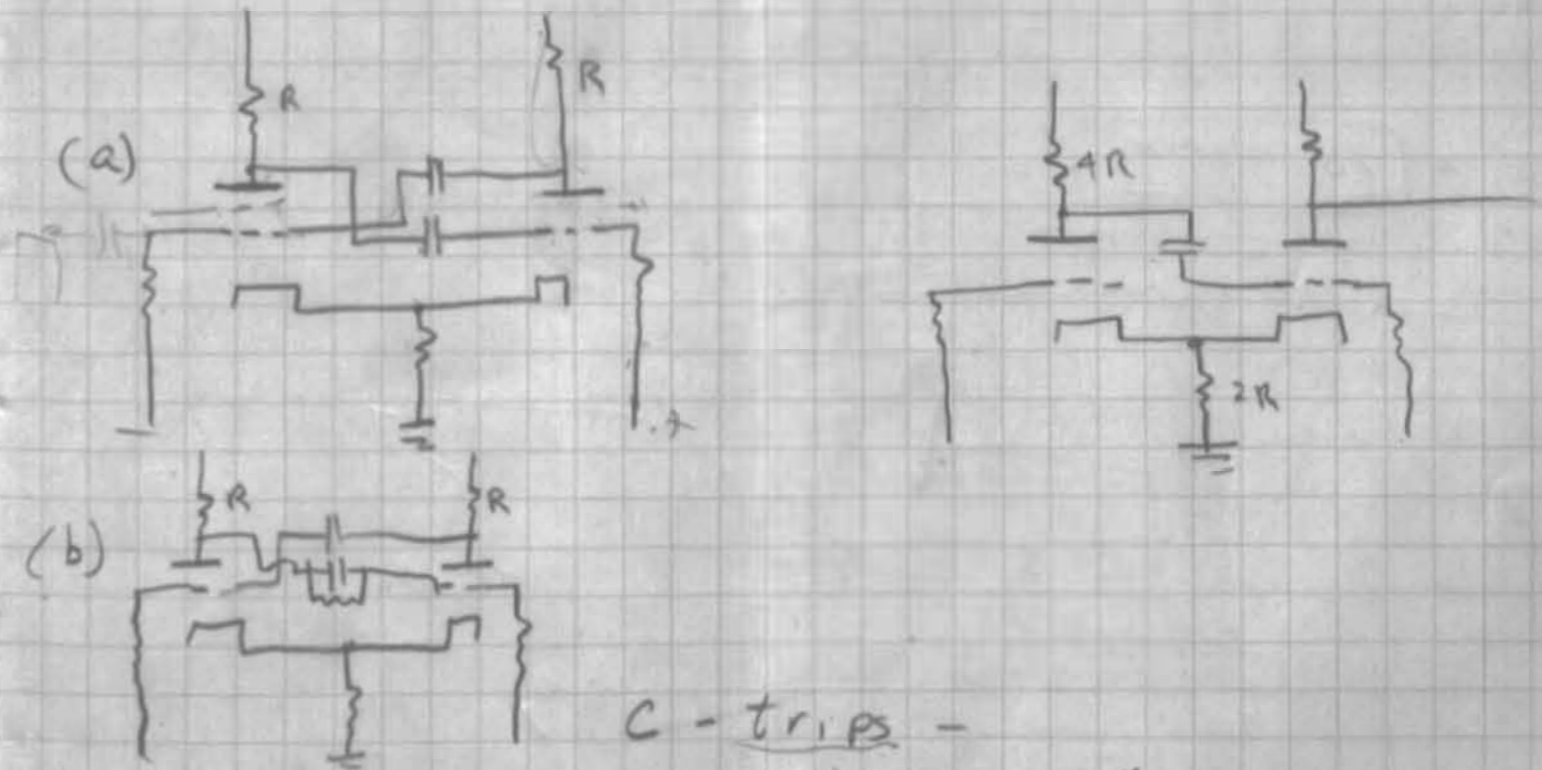




A - triggers - (stays where put type)



B - triggers (stay where thrown for a definite interval if not reset by pulse)



C - trips -

with appropriate ~~braces~~ <sup>braces</sup> A circuits will operate as trips (also B with restrictions)

$$6SJ7 = \frac{1650}{13} = \text{op. } \boxed{13}$$

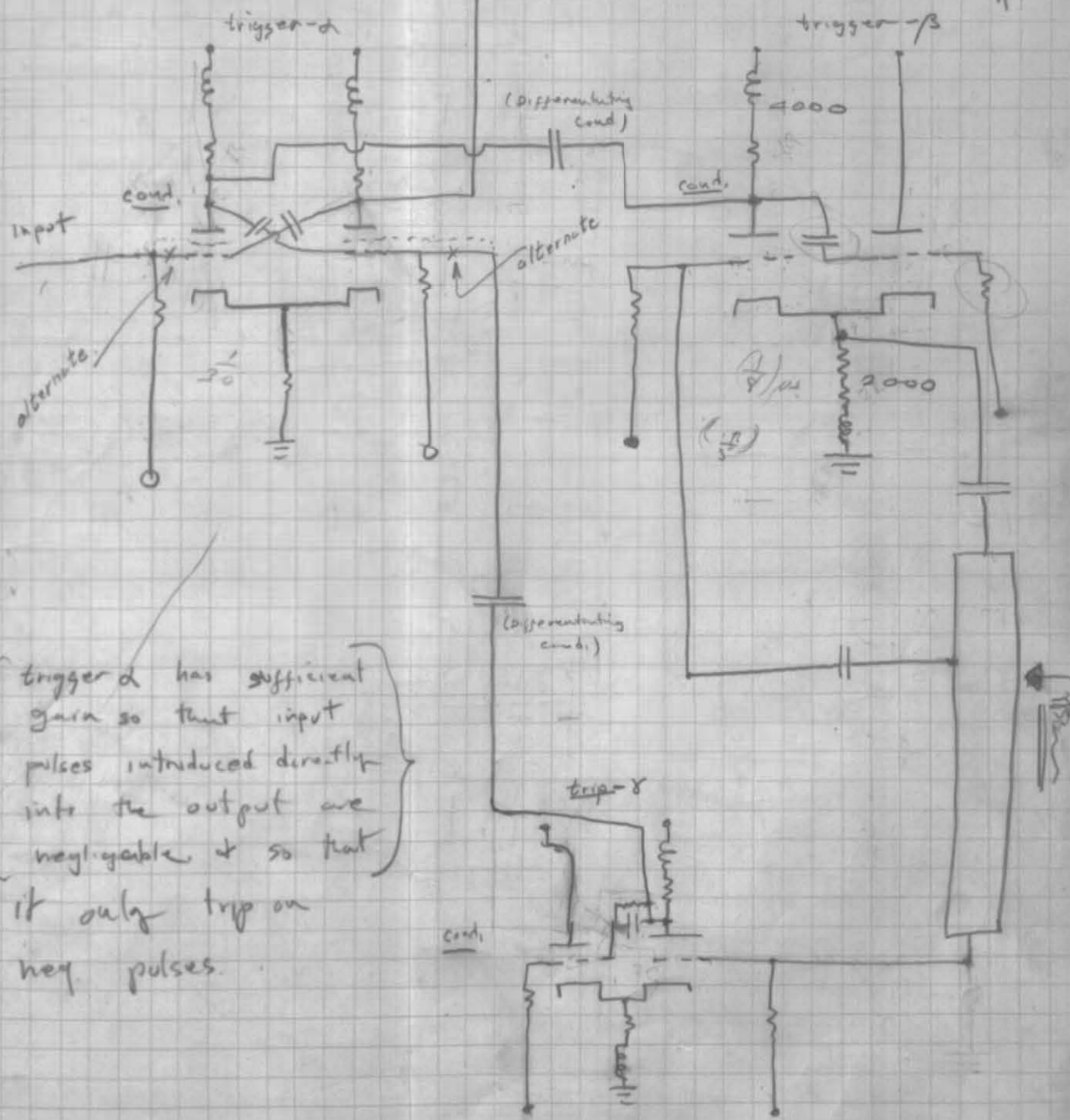
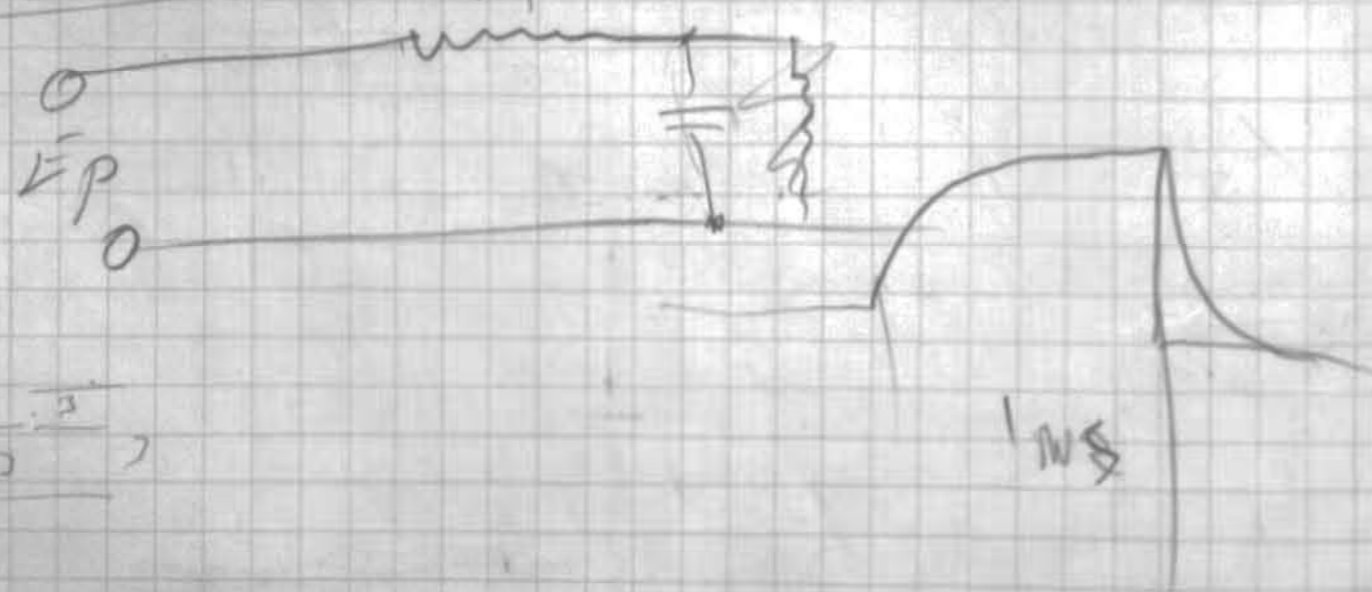
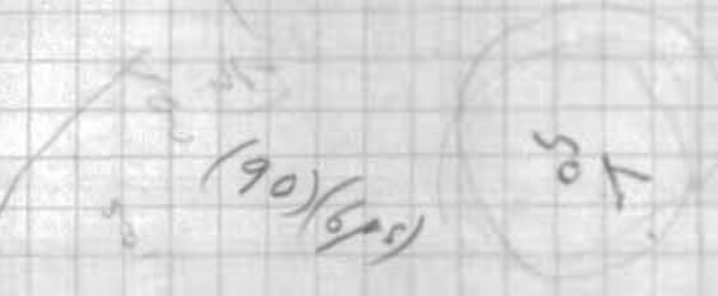
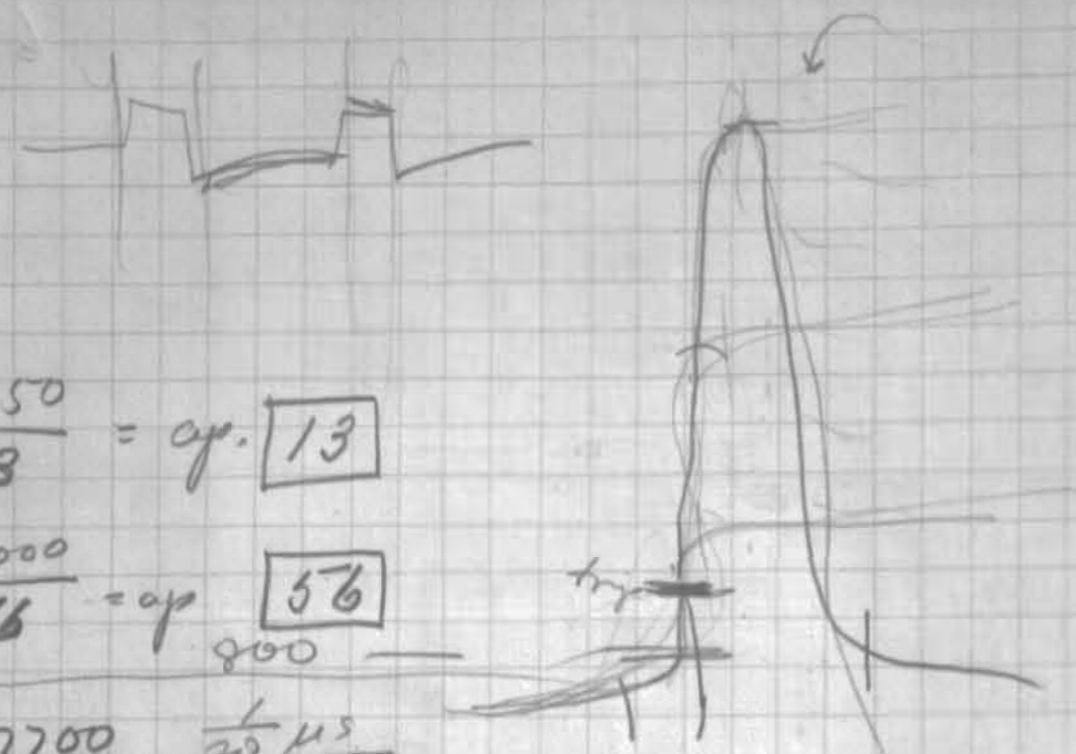
$$6AC7 = \frac{9000}{16} = \text{op. } \boxed{56}$$

$$6AG7 = \frac{7700}{20} = \text{op. } \frac{1}{20} \mu s \quad \boxed{39}$$

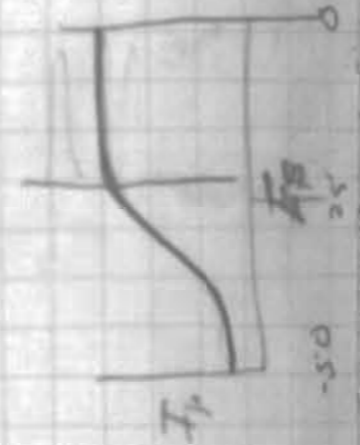
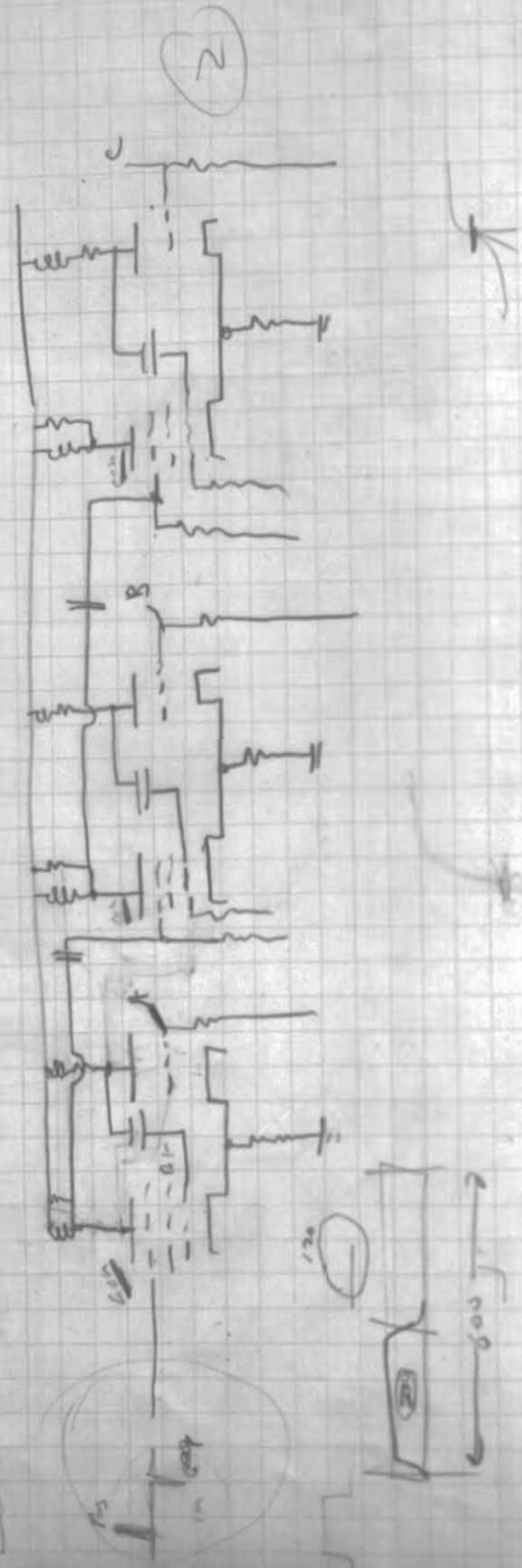
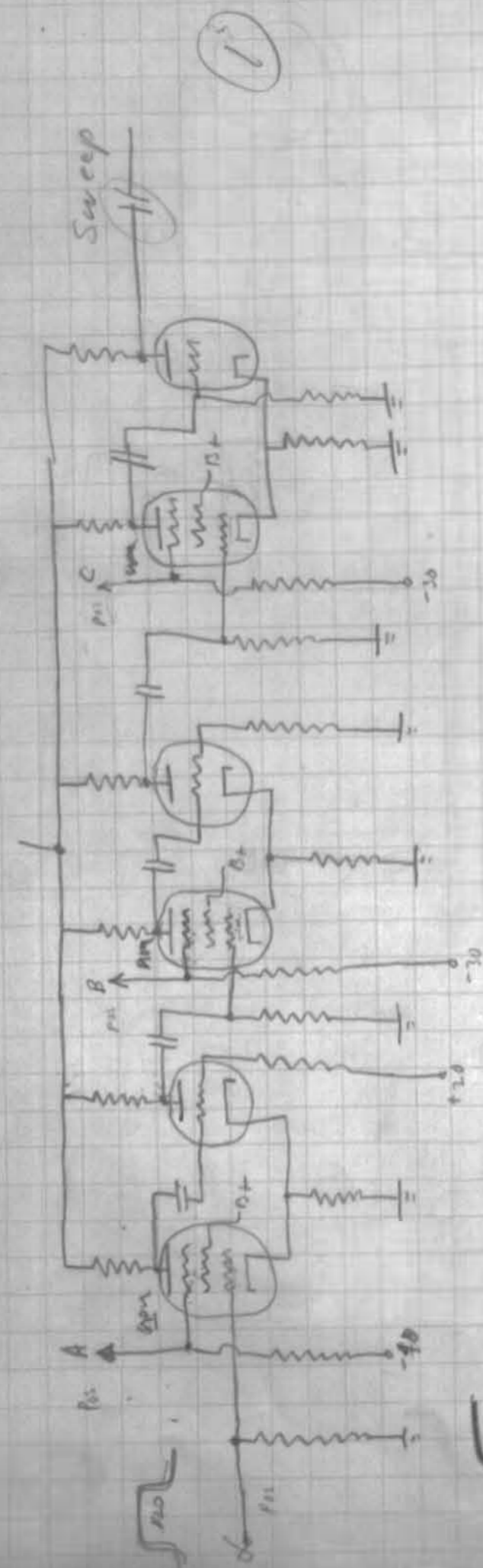
6L6  
or  
807

$$\frac{6000}{20} = \text{op. } \boxed{30}$$

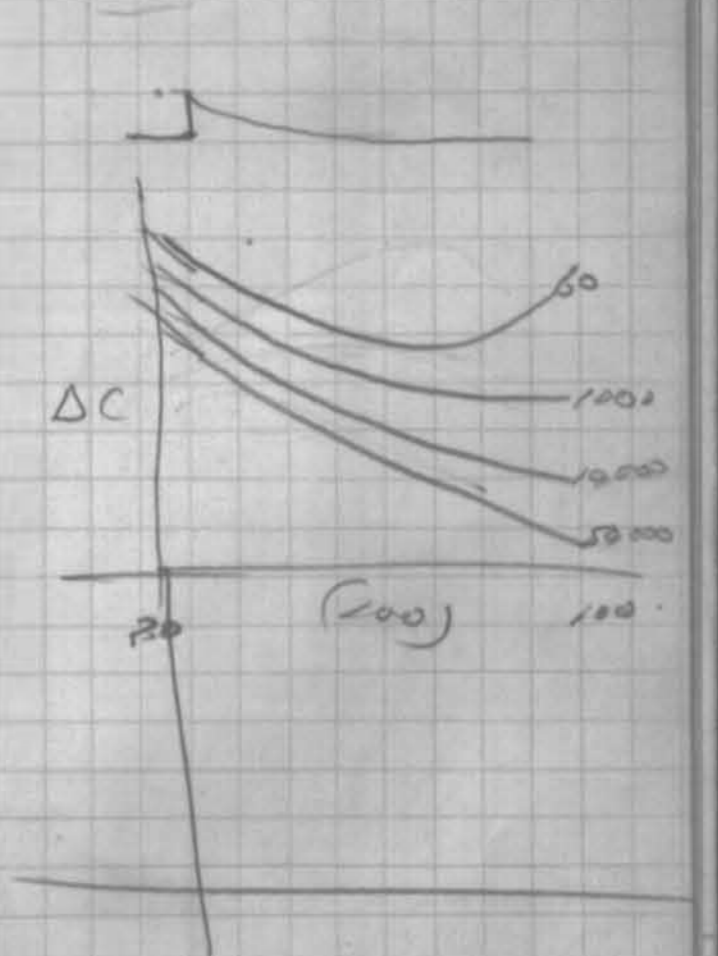
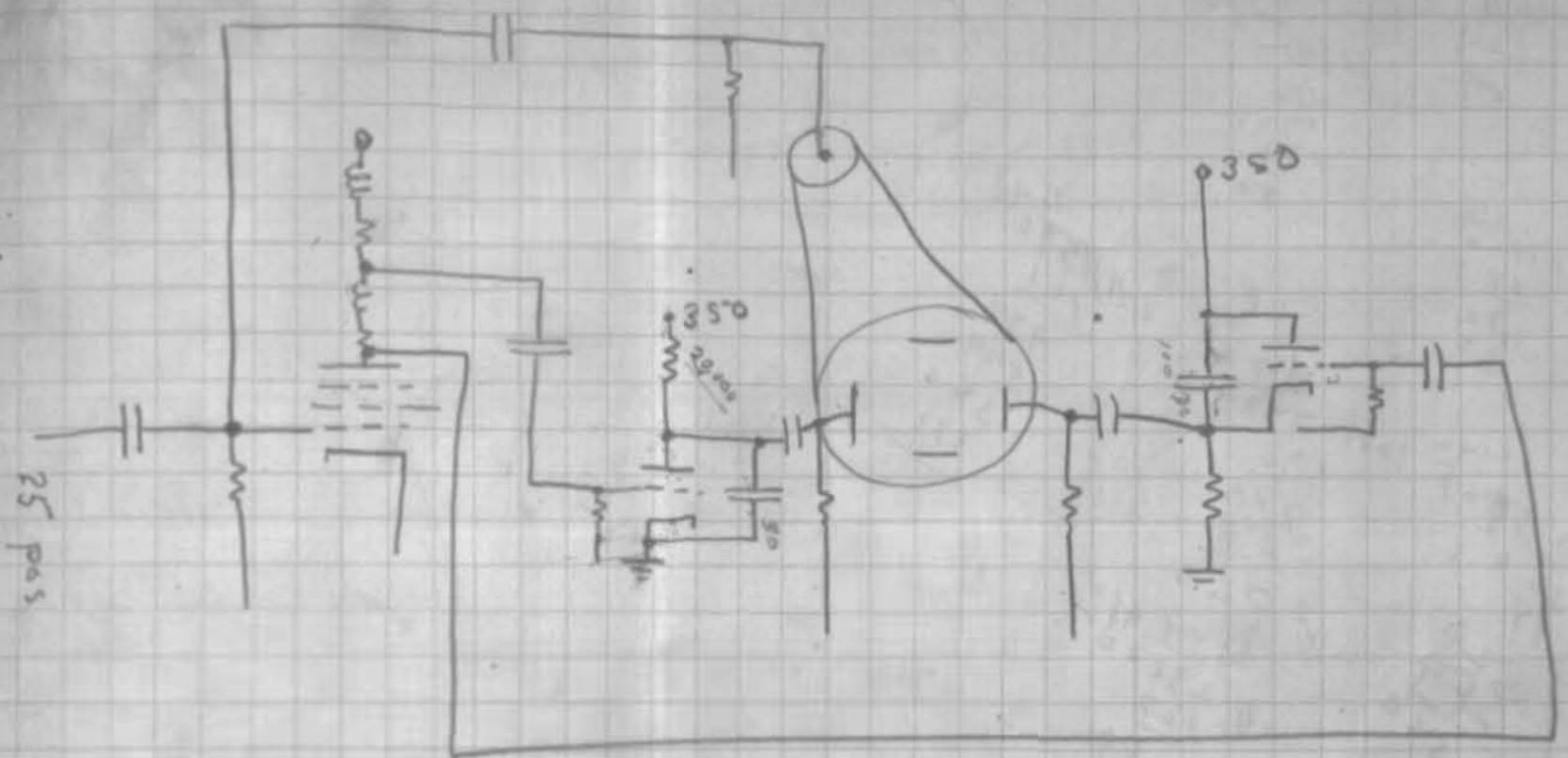
$$6SN7GT \frac{2600}{26^*} = \boxed{10 \text{ gppm} \times}$$



trigger a has sufficient gain so that input pulses introduced directly into the output are negligible & so that it only trips on neg. pulses.



4-  
2-  
1-  
5-11  
1/2  
25 pas



$$\begin{array}{r} 1.26 \\ 18 \overline{) 22.0} \\ \underline{18} \phantom{0} \\ 40 \\ \underline{36} \\ 40 \\ \underline{36} \\ 40 \end{array}$$

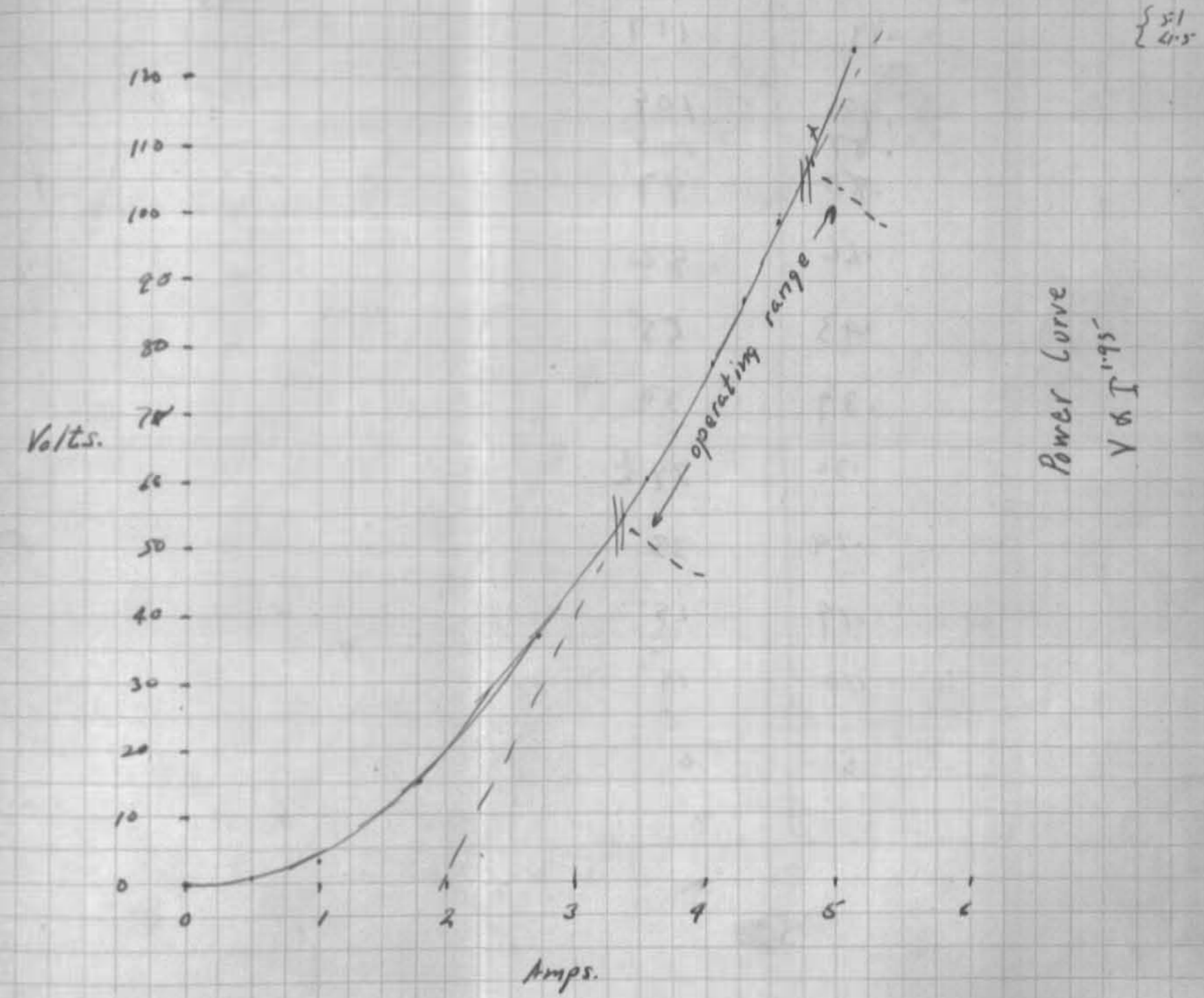
$$\begin{array}{r} 1.43 \\ 33 \overline{) 47.0} \\ \underline{33} \phantom{0} \\ 140 \\ \underline{132} \\ 80 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.46 \\ 167 \overline{) 24400} \\ \underline{167} \phantom{00} \\ 770 \\ \underline{658} \\ 1020 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.43 \\ 111 \overline{) 15900} \\ \underline{111} \phantom{00} \\ 480 \\ \underline{444} \\ 360 \\ \underline{333} \\ 270 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1.41 \\ 167 \overline{) 23600} \\ \underline{167} \phantom{00} \\ 690 \\ \underline{628} \\ 220 \\ \underline{167} \\ 530 \end{array}$$

Voltage Current Characteristic of two 300 watt mazen lugs in parallel.



Wattage	300	150	100	75	15
Current	4.70 3.70	2.36 1.67	1.57 1.11	1.20 .88	$2.46 \times 10^{-1}$ $1.67 \times 10^{-1}$
Voltage	105 55	105 55	105 55	105 55	105 55
Ratio	1.43	1.41	1.43	1.37	1.46

40 Carbon lamp - 120 watts - 120 volts.

0-1858

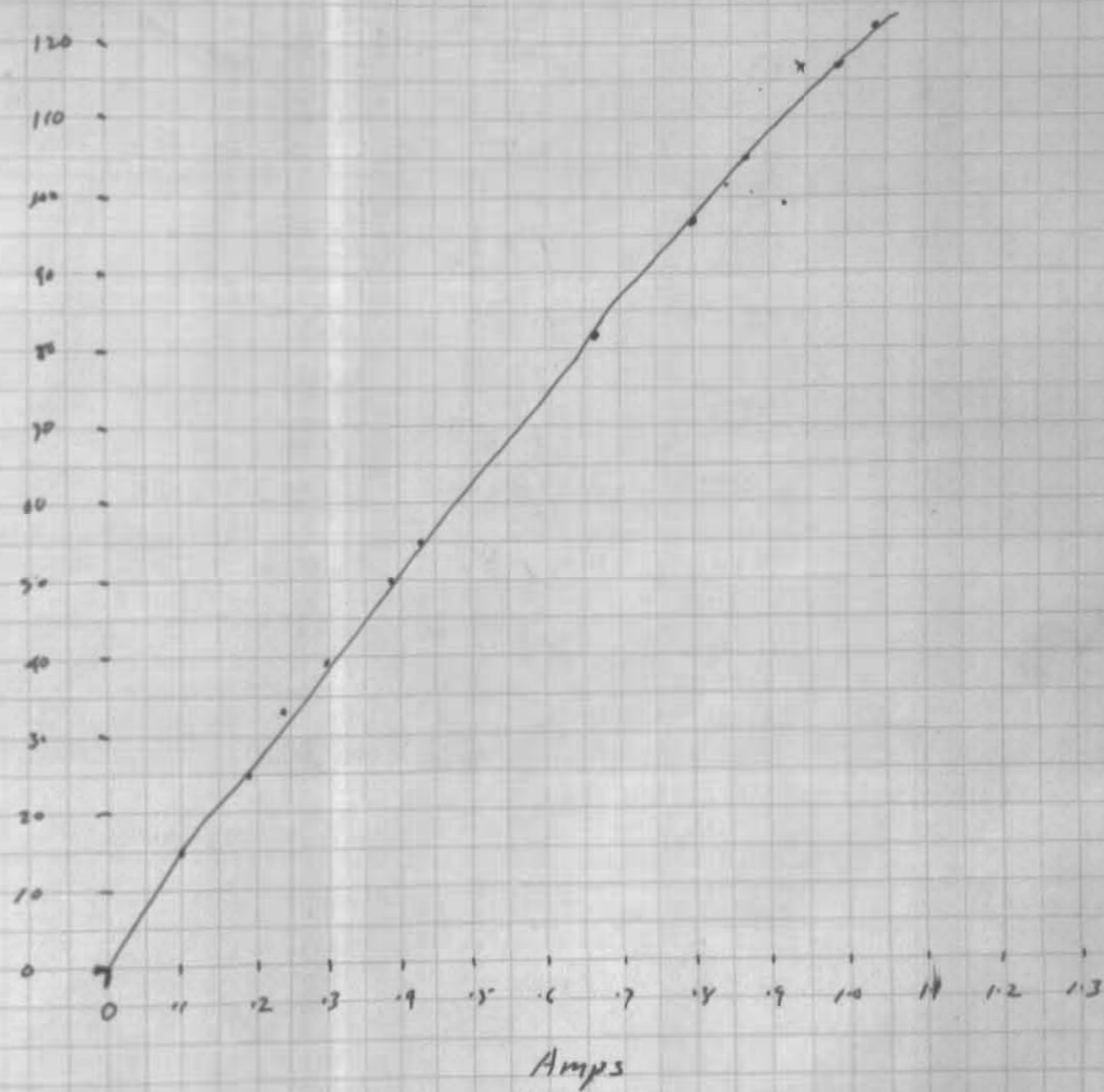
A	E
1.04	122
.99	117
.90	109
.87	105
.80	97
.66	82
.43	55
.39	50
.30	39 $\frac{1}{2}$
.24	33
.19	25
.10	15
0	0

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{.87}{.43} = 2.05$$

0-1859

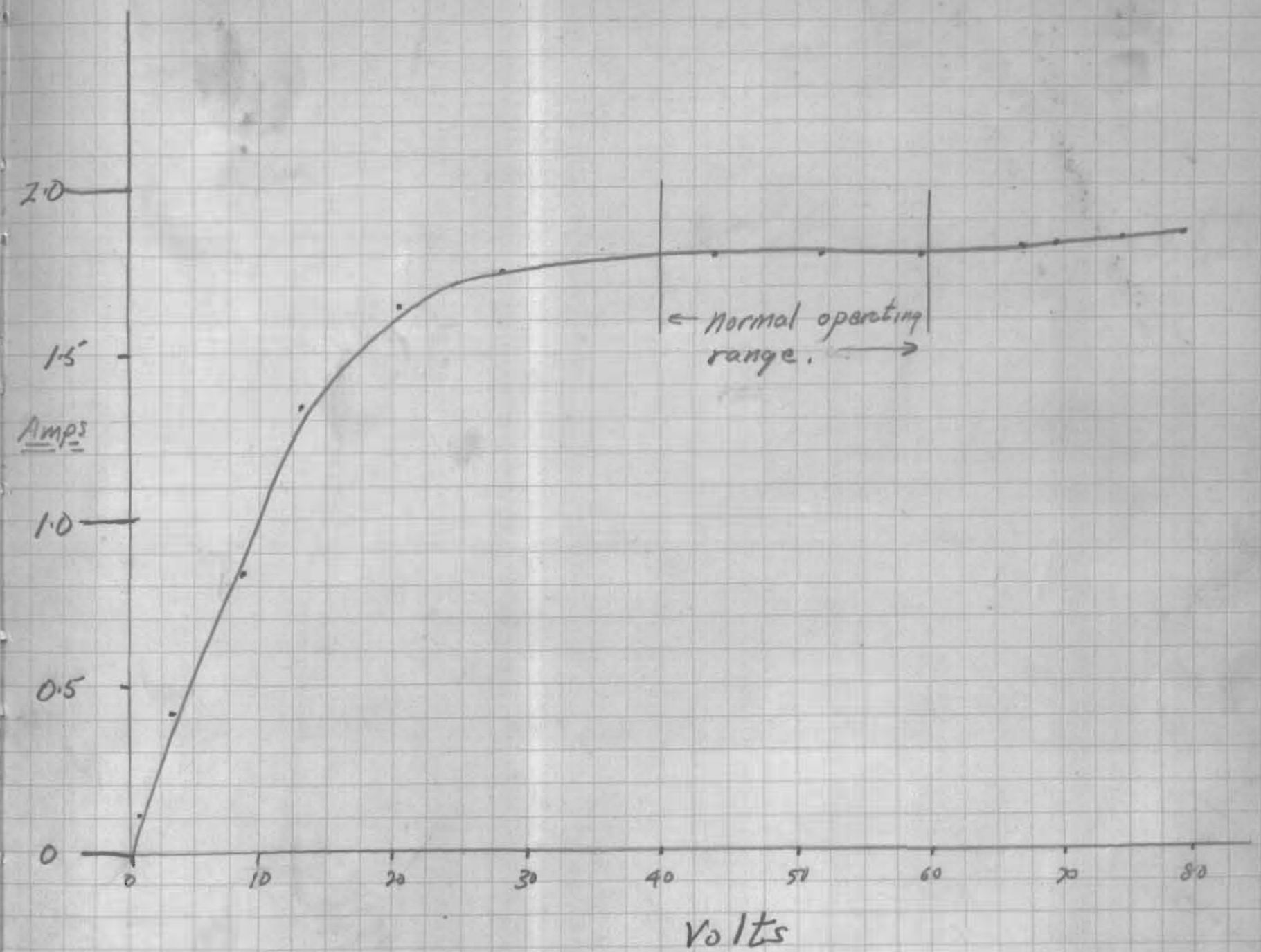
41

120 W. - 120 volt - carbon lamp.



RCA 876 Regulator

A	V
.11	1
.42	3.5
.84	7.0
1.36	13.0
1.65	20.5
1.76	28.4
1.80	44.0
1.80	52
1.80	59.7
1.81	64.3
1.82	66.5
1.84	72.0
1.87	79.0



H+R - 2-876

2-  
5.5<sup>0</sup>  
net.RCA - type 876 - regulator  
886 -

2½ watt Argon  $I_{\text{lamp}} = 25 \text{ ma}$

1. W/out partition  $I = 3.20 \text{ ma}$
2. Operative only  $I = 2.28 \text{ ma}$
3. polaroid  $I = .037 \text{ ma}$
4. lens only  $I = 3. \text{ ma}$
5. lens & Polaroid  $I = .052 \text{ ma}$

Neon 2 watt.  $I_{\text{lamp}} = 20 \text{ ma}$

1. W/out partition  $I = .22$
2. operative only  $I = .08$
3. polaroid  $I = .030$
4. lens only  $I = .12$
5. lens & Polaroid  $I = .033$

with 200 Watt bulb ~~20~~ <sup>23</sup> volts were  
read on the Volt ohmmeter. (23 ma.)

Supply voltage = 275 v.

Spacing between bulb & cell = 5 ft

Saturation point of photocell is 25.6 ma.

16" away from source the output is 20. ma.

Cretec lamp  $I_{\text{lamp}} = 50 \text{ ma}$

1. W/out partition  $I = 1.2 \text{ ma}$
2. operative only  $I = .88 \text{ ma}$
3. polaroid  $I = .16 \text{ ma}$
4. lens only  $I = 1.85 \text{ ma}$
5. lens & Polaroid  $I = .25 \text{ ma}$

Neon lamp 1 watt 110 v (Edison base)  $I_{\text{lamp}} = 20 \text{ ma}$

1. W/out partition  $I = .11 \text{ ma}$
2. operative only  $I = .05 \text{ ma}$
3. polaroid  $I = .0125 \text{ ma}$
4. lens only  $I = .11 \text{ ma}$
5. lens & Polaroid  $I = .033 \text{ ma}$

Small neon - twisted elements  $I_{\text{lamp}} = 5 \text{ ma}$

1. W/out partition  $I = .063 \text{ ma}$
2. operative only  $I = .03 \text{ ma}$
3. Polaroid  $I = .006 \text{ ma}$
4. lens only  $I = .054 \text{ ma}$
5. lens & Polaroid  $I = .013 \text{ ma}$

- Sharpless - \* 1) Lumped parameter lines report  
2) Alternate range systems.  
3) Distributed Lines translations. (any time)
- Vince - \* 1) Range system report + diagram.  
2) Range system itself.
- Joe - 1) Lines - distributed lines. oscillograms - etc.
- Parker - 2) Test video amplifiers.  
1) Video amplifiers - regular  
2) Better video amplifier.
- Rosen (also stock room) - 1) Analyzer - follow ups.  
2) Range ~~stg~~ system. (both regular and alternate)
- Pres - 1) ~~study~~ study junk  
2) Equation solver.  
3) ~~or~~ or analytic solutions of the  $J$ 's.
- Mauchly - 1) P2-3-4. (consult on range)  
2) Range systems - (Regular + alternate)  
3) Equations for trigger circuits.  
4) Report on equations for trigger circuits
- Chambers - <sup>Am.</sup> PA - general consultation on Ph.  
Brauerd - Chief

$$Z = \sqrt{\frac{L'}{C}}$$

$$C \cdot 2.2K = L'$$

$$(20)(4.84) = 968$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 277 \\ 26 \overline{) 7200} \\ \underline{72} \\ 280 \\ \underline{282} \\ 280 \end{array}$$

$$L = 70.3 \mu H$$

$$0.1865 \quad 49$$

$$L' = L + \frac{1}{4}L + \frac{1}{2}L + \frac{1}{36}L + \frac{1}{108}L + \frac{1}{324}L$$

$$= \begin{array}{r} .250 \\ + .087 \\ .028 \\ .009 \\ .003 \\ .001 \\ \hline 1.378 \end{array}$$



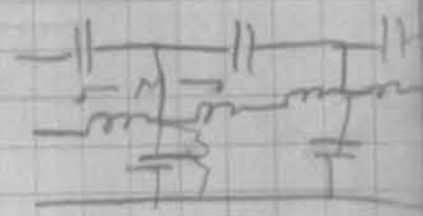


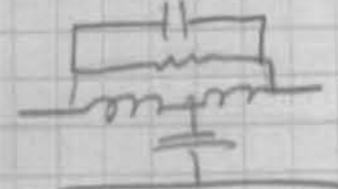
Experiments de Lines.

- 1) a) set up adjustable line - Mutual only  
 b) " " " " - Mutual + Cap  
 c) " " " " - Mutual + Res  
 d) " " " " - Mutual + Cap + Res




- 2) As above except (a + c)  
 a) with cap different  
 b) with Res to grad.



- 3) ~~As above~~  
 a)   
 → above circuit res. only (diff mutuals)

- b) above circuit res + caps  
 Repeat (3) → with ~~interfering~~

- β) Repeat all of above with  
 with continuous mutual  


- γ) Repeat β) with mutuals of opposed  
 (var. comp.)

- δ) - Repeat β) + γ) - with iron cores  
 (specialized mutual)

- ε) - Set up ordinary line as above

Expenses - Boston -

	12.60	Fair	
	12.60	Fair	
	<del>2.95</del>	berth	
3.15	1.98	chair	
1.89	.55	break	
	.55	lunch	
	.50	Cab.	
	.10	Cab.	
	.40	Cab.	
	.10	- tip	
	.25	- tip - policeman	To Boston +
	1.50	Dinner	Return - 30.13
	.15	tip	
	<u>34.23</u>		

Meals, taxis + tips - 4.10  
Total \$34.23

General trans near phila.

Vince	- .53	- trolley car.
Abe	- .15	- " "
Fres	.30	" "
"	.56	Walker Bros.
Nelson	.56	" "

1 Notebook .10  
Total \$2.20

[Vince from above goes to vince]

Keys	- .50	}
Car pin	.15	
23 Coils	- \$4.28	
Car pin	- \$ .30	

Chedaker - Note-book + Lines. (Video Report)  
Parker - Line.  
Vince - Video Amplifier.  
Brainard - Part list.

12.60	
12.60	
<u>25.20</u>	
6.30	
<u>31.50</u>	40.74
9.00	34.23
<u>40.50</u>	6.51
2.4	
<u>40.74</u>	

51.58	
34.80	
<u>16.78</u>	

27.88	Profit
13.61	4.74
<u>19.27</u>	16.78
	6.51
	13.79
	4.00

25.20

11.45	- 4.10	29.35
5.5		2.20
<u>17.02</u>		

Dr. Poolittle - resistor data -

Draft Card -

Frank. Int. Card -

P.C. Recorder -

Stephens - exam

Rademacher - exam

Shohat - problem - mun.

Swann - problem - exam.

Field Exciter - 150 mill choke (look up)

Inventory.

Paper - Sims.

French translation - Lines.

Delux. Video.

Nelson - Attenuator.

Gunnar - estimate - anti-hunt circuit

B. Sheppard - address - 489 First Ave. Apt. 4C  
(no phone)

Patent - Motor control -

Charge Beatt - 1907

8 ft of cond. rubber cov. cable.

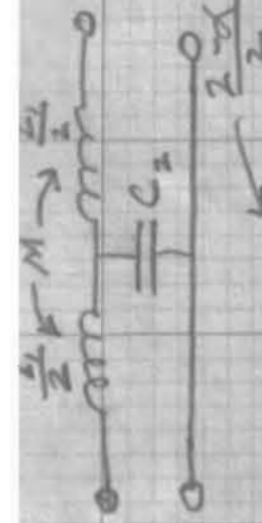
2 DPDT Sw

1 DPST Sw

1 6.3 trans.

Gather up own transformers

Relay Filter



$\frac{M}{\omega} \rightarrow \frac{C_2}{2 - \alpha^2}$

$\frac{\omega}{\omega_c}$	$\alpha^2$	$2 - \alpha^2$	$2T\alpha^2$	$2 + 2T\alpha^2$	$\frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2T\alpha^2}$	$\cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2T\alpha^2} \right]$	$\frac{\cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2T\alpha^2} \right]}{\alpha}$	$\frac{\cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2T\alpha^2} \right]}{\alpha} \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2T\alpha^2} \right]$	
0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	
.2	.04	1.96	.008	2.008	.9761	.219	1.095	1.000	
.4	.16	1.84	.032	2.032	.9055	.438	1.095	1.008	
.6	.36	1.64	.072	2.072	.7915	.657	1.095	1.015	
.8	.64	1.36	.128	2.128	.6391	.877	1.096	1.029	
1.0	1.00	1.00	.200	2.200	.4545	1.099	1.099	1.047	
1.2	1.44	.56	.288	2.288	.2448	1.323	1.10	1.073	
1.4	1.96	.04	.392	2.392	.0167	1.587	1.19	1.108	
1.6	2.56	-.56	.512	2.512	-.2229	1.796	1.12	1.159	
1.8	3.24	-1.24	.648	2.648	-.4683	2.058	1.14	1.244	
2.0	4.00	-2.00	.800	2.800	-.7143	2.366	1.18	1.571	
2.2	4.84	-2.84	.968	2.968	-.9569	2.847	1.29	-	
2.4	5.76	-3.76	1.152	3.152	-1.193	-	-	-	
2.6	6.76	-4.76	1.352	3.352	-	-	-	-	
2.8	7.84	-5.84	1.568	3.568	-	-	-	-	
3.0	9.00	-7.00	1.800	3.800	-	-	-	-	
For $T = 0.10$									
0	0	2	0	2	1.0000	0	1.180	1.180	
.2	.04	1.96	.0160	2.0160	.9722	.236	1.175	1.175	
.4	.16	1.84	.0664	2.0664	.8915	.470	1.167	1.167	
.6	.36	1.64	.144	2.144	.7649	.700	1.155	1.155	
.8	.64	1.36	.256	2.256	.6028	.924	1.141	1.141	
1.0	1.00	1.00	.400	2.400	.4167	1.141	1.127	1.127	
1.2	1.44	.56	.576	2.576	.2174	1.352	1.132	1.132	
1.4	1.96	.04	.784	2.784	.01437	1.588	1.098	1.098	
1.6	2.56	-.56	1.024	3.024	-.1852	1.757	1.087	1.087	
1.8	3.24	-1.24	1.296	3.296	-.3762	1.957	1.080	1.080	
2.0	4.00	-2.00	1.600	3.600	-.5556	2.160	1.084	1.084	
2.2	4.84	-2.84	1.936	3.936	-.7215	2.377	1.097	1.097	
2.4	5.76	-3.76	2.304	4.304	-.8736	2.633	1.200	1.200	
2.6	6.76	-4.76	2.704	4.704	-1.0119	3.041	-	-	
2.8	7.84	-5.84	3.136	5.136	-1.1373	-	-	-	
3.0	9.00	-7.00	3.600	5.600	-1.2500	-	-	-	
For $T = 0.20$									
0	0	2	0	2	1.0000	0	1.210	1.210	
.2	.04	1.96	.024	2.024	.9689	.252	1.248	1.248	
.4	.16	1.84	.096	2.096	.8779	.499	1.228	1.228	
.6	.36	1.64	.216	2.216	.7401	.737	1.205	1.205	
.8	.64	1.36	.384	2.384	.5705	.964	1.176	1.176	
1.0	1.00	1.00	.600	2.600	.3846	1.176	1.145	1.145	
1.2	1.44	.56	.864	2.864	.01955	1.374	1.113	1.113	
1.4	1.96	.04	1.176	3.176	0.0126	1.558	1.081	1.081	
1.6	2.56	-.56	1.536	3.536	-.01584	1.730	1.051	1.051	
1.8	3.24	-1.24	1.944	3.944	-.03144	1.891	1.022	1.022	
2.0	4.00	-2.00	2.400	4.400	-.04545	2.043	.995	.995	
2.2	4.84	-2.84	2.904	4.904	-.05791	2.188	.971	.971	
2.4	5.76	-3.76	3.456	5.456	-.06891	2.331	.952	.952	
2.6	6.76	-4.76	4.056	6.056	-.07860	2.475	.939	.939	
2.8	7.84	-5.84	4.704	6.704	-.08711	2.628	.937	.937	
3.0	9.00	-7.00	5.400	7.400	-.09459	2.811	-	-	
For $T = 0.15$									
0	0	2	0	2	1.0000	0	1.140	1.140	
.2	.04	1.96	.012	2.012	.9741	.228	1.138	1.138	
.4	.16	1.84	.048	2.048	.8984	.455	1.132	1.132	
.6	.36	1.64	.108	2.108	.7780	.679	1.126	1.126	
.8	.64	1.36	.192	2.192	.6204	.901	1.121	1.121	
1.0	1.00	1.00	.300	2.300	.4348	1.121	1.115	1.115	
1.2	1.44	.56	.432	2.432	.2303	1.338	1.109	1.109	
1.4	1.96	.04	.588	2.588	.01574	1.555	1.112	1.112	
1.6	2.56	-.56	.768	2.768	-.2023	1.775	1.123	1.123	
1.8	3.24	-1.24	.972	2.972	-.4172	2.001	1.153	1.153	
2.0	4.00	-2.00	1.200	3.200	-.6350	2.246	-	-	
2.2	4.84	-2.84	1.452	3.452	-.8227	2.537	-	-	
2.4	5.76	-3.76	1.728	3.728	-1.009	-	-	-	
2.6	6.76	-4.76	2.028	4.028	-	-	-	-	
2.8	7.84	-5.84	2.352	4.352	-	-	-	-	
3.0	9.00	-7.00	2.700	4.700	-	-	-	-	
For $T = 0.18$									
0	0	2	0	2	1.0000	0	1.405	1.405	
.2	.04	1.96	.009	2.009	.9608	.281	1.378	1.378	
.4	.16	1.84	.036	2.036	.8519	.551	1.337	1.337	
.6	.36	1.64	.084	2.084	.6949	.802	1.288	1.288	
.8	.64	1.36	.156	2.156	.5152	1.030	1.231	1.231	
1.0	1.00	1.00	.264	2.264	.3333	1.231	1.173	1.173	
1.2	1.44	.56	.408	2.408	.1628	1.407	1.115	1.115	
1.4	1.96	.04	.584	2.584	.0101	1.561	1.059	1.059	
1.6	2.56	-.56	.792	2.792	-.1228	1.694	1.005	1.005	
1.8	3.24	-1.24	1.032	3.032	-.2366	1.809	.956	.956	
2.0	4.00	-2.00	1.400	3.400	-.3333	1.911	.909	.909	
2.2	4.84	-2.84	1.804	3.804	-.4152	1.999	.865	.865	
2.4	5.76	-3.76	2.240	4.240	-.4845	2.077	.825	.825	
2.6	6.76	-4.76	2.712	4.712	-.5439	2.145	.788	.788	
2.8	7.84	-5.84	3.224	5.224	-.5935	2.206	-	-	
3.0	9.00	-7.00	3.760	6.760	-.6364	2.211	-	-	

$\omega_0 = \sqrt{1 + 2T}$

$T = 0.18$

$\alpha^2$	$2 - \alpha^2$	$2T\alpha^2$	$2 + 2T\alpha^2$	$\frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2T\alpha^2}$	$\cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2T\alpha^2} \right]$	$\frac{\cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{2 - \alpha^2}{2 + 2T\alpha^2} \right]}{\alpha}$
0	2	0	2	1	0	0
.2	1.96	.0144	2.0144	.974	.227	1.17
.4	1.84	.0576	2.0576	.896	.459	1.15
.6	1.64	.1296	2.0296	.776	.687	1.15
.8	1.36	.2304	2.2304	.610	.915	1.14
1.0	1.00	.36	2.036	.424	1.118	1.12
1.2	.56	.514	2.514	.222	1.359	1.13
1.4	.04	.706	2.706	.016	1.568	1.12
1.6	-.56	.922	2.922	-.192	1.764	1.10
1.8	-1.24	1.17	3.17	-.382	1.913	1.10
2.0	-2.00	1.44	3.44	-.582	2.192	1.10
2.2	-2.84	1.74	3.74	-.759	2.432	1.10
2.4	-3.76	2.08	4.08	-.921	2.735	1.15
2.6	-4.76	2.44	4.44	-	-	-

